# BOROUGH OF WILSON

NORTHAMPTON COUNTY
PENNSYLVANIA

BASIC
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
WITH
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S
REPORT

As of and for the Year Ended

**DECEMBER 31, 2021** 

### THE DAVID KUNSMAN CORPORATION, INC.

## MEMBER OF AMERICAN AND PENNSYLVANIA INSTITUTES OF CPA'S A CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING PRACTICE

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Mayor and Borough Council Borough of Wilson, Pennsylvania

### Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

### **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying modified cash basis financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Borough of Wilson, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Borough of Wilson's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective modified cash basis financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Borough of Wilson, as of December 31, 2021, and the respective changes in modified cash basis financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting described in Note 1C.

### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Borough of Wilson, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

### Basis of Accounting

We draw attention to Note 1C of the financial statements, which describes the basis of accounting. The financial statements are prepared on the modified cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting described in Note 1C, and for determining that the modified cash basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Borough of Wilson's ability to continue as a going

concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Borough of Wilson's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Borough of Wilson's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

### **Supplementary Information**

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the modified cash basis financial statements as a whole that collectively comprise the Borough of Wilson's basic financial statements. The management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, and schedule of funding progress, on pages 33-37, which are the responsibility of management, are presented for the purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

The Combining Balance Sheet for Nonmajor Governmental Funds and Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance for Nonmajor Governmental funds are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the modified cash basis basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves. In our opinion, the Combining Balance Sheet for Nonmajor Governmental Funds and Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in

Fund Balance for Nonmajor Governmental funds is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

THE DAVID KUNSMAN CORPORATION, INC.

David L. Kunsman, Sr., CPA

Audit Engagement Shareholder

Wilson, Pennsylvania

February 28, 2022

### BOROUGH OF WILSON NORTHAMPTON COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA

### **DECEMBER 31, 2021**

### **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

	Page No.
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	1 - 3
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS	4 - 10
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:	
Statement of Net Position - Modified Cash Basis - Government-wide	11
Statement of Activities - Modified Cash Basis - Government-wide	12
Balance Sheet – Modified Cash Basis – Government Funds	13
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Net Position – Modified Cash Basis – Government Funds	14 – 15
Statement of Net Position – Modified Cash Basis – Proprietary Fund	16
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position – Modified Cash Basis – Proprietary Fund	<b>17</b>
Statement of Cash Flows - Modified Cash Basis - Proprietary Fund	18
Notes to Basic Financial Statements	19-32
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:	
Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Modified Cash Basis - General Fund	33 – 34
Notes to Budgetary Comparison Schedule	35
Schedule of Funding Progress	36 – 37
Combining Balance Sheet – Modified Cash Basis – Non-Major Governmental Funds	38
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Modified Cash Basis – Non-Major Governmental Funds	39

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

### **BOROUGH OF WILSON**

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED)

December 31, 2021

Our discussion and analysis of the Borough of Wilson's financial performance provides an overview of the Borough's financial activities for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2021 within the limitations of the Borough's modified cash basis of accounting. Wilson Borough, Northampton County, Pennsylvania operates under the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania Borough Code Act of February 1, 1966 (1965 P.L. 1656, No. 581), as amended. The Borough is organized as a Council-Mayor form of governance, an elected Borough Council, and provides the following services to its residents: public safety, highways and streets, sanitation, culture-recreation, planning and zoning, and general administrative services.

### **FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS**

Key government-wide financial highlights for the year are as follows:

- In total, net position was \$9,412,594.
- Government-wide general revenues accounted for \$4,852,602 in revenue or 56.9% of all revenues.
  Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services, operating grants and contributions,
  and capital grants and contributions accounted for \$3,678,782 or 43.1% of total revenues of
  \$8,531,384.
- Total assets of governmental activities were \$7,862,849 of which \$1,607,287 represents unrestricted cash and investments. Fixed assets, net of accumulated depreciation was \$5,579,833.
- The Borough had \$8,387,918 in expenses; only \$3,678,782 of these expenses were offset by program specific charges for services, grants, or contributions. General revenues (primarily taxes) of \$4,852,602 were adequate to provide for these programs.
- Expenses, after program revenue were \$4,709,136.
- State and local intergovernmental revenues this year were \$1,053,295.

### **USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT**

This annual report is presented in a format consistent with the presentation requirements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, as applicable to the Borough's modified cash basis of accounting.

### REPORT COMPONENTS

This annual report consists of the following four parts:

- Government-wide Financial Statements. The Statement of Net Position modified-cash basis
  and the statement of activities modified-cash basis (on pages 10-11) provide information about
  the activities of the Borough government wide (or as a whole) and present a longer-term view of
  the Borough's finances.
- 2. Fund Financial Statements. Fund financial statements (starting on page 12) focus on the individual parts of the Borough government. Fund financial statements also report the Borough's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the Borough's most significant (major) funds. For governmental activities, these statements tell how these services were financed in the short term, as well as what remains for future spending. For proprietary activities, these statements offer short-term and long-term financial information about the activities the Borough operate like businesses, such as sewer services.
- Notes to the Financial Statements. The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of
  the government-wide and fund financial statements and provide expanded explanation and
  detail regarding the information reported in the statements.
- 4. Supplementary Information. The annual report includes optional financial information such as management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison schedule, and combining statements for non-major funds (that are added together and shown in the fund financial statements in a single column). This other supplemental financial information is provided to address certain specific needs of various users of the Borough's annual report.

### **BOROUGH OF WILSON**

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED)

December 31, 2021

### **BASIS OF ACCOUNTING**

The Borough has elected to present its financial statements on a modified cash basis of accounting. This modified cash basis of accounting is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Basis of accounting is a reference to when financial events are recorded, such as the timing for recognizing revenues, expenses, and their related assets and liabilities. In accordance with the Borough's modified cash basis of accounting, revenues and expenses and certain related assets and liabilities are recorded when they result from cash transactions or events, except for certain modifications, such as recording of depreciation expense on capital assets in the government-wide financial statements for all activities and in the fund financial statements for proprietary fund activities.

As a result of the use of this modified cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenue for billed or provided services not yet collected) and certain liabilities and their related expenses and (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid and accrued expenses and liabilities) are not recorded in these financial statements. Therefore, when reviewing the financial information and discussion within this annual report, the reader should keep in mind the limitations resulting from the use of the modified cash basis of accounting.

### REPORTING THE BOROUGH AS A WHOLE

### THE BOROUGH'S REPORTING ENTITY PRESENTATION

This annual report includes all activities for which the Borough of Wilson's Borough Council is fiscally responsible.

THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION – MODIFIED CASH BASIS AND THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES – MODIFIED CASH BASIS

Our financial analysis of the Borough as a whole begins on page 10. The government-wide financial statements are presented on pages 10 and 11. One of the most important questions asked about the Borough's finances is "Is the Borough as a whole better or worse off as a result of this year's activities?" The Statement of Net Position- modified-cash basis and Statement of Activities- modified-cash basis report this information about the Borough as a whole and its activities in a way that helps answer this question. These statements include all the Borough's assets and liabilities as further defined in the notes to the financial statements.

These two statements report the Borough's net position and changes therein. Keeping in mind the limitations of the modified cash basis of accounting, you can think of the Borough's net position – the difference among assets and liabilities – as one way to measure the Borough's financial health or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the City's net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. You will need to consider other nonfinancial factors, however, such as changes in the Borough's tax base and the condition of the Borough's roads, to assess the overall health of the Borough.

In the Statement of Net Position - modified-cash basis and Statement of Activities- modified-cash basis, we can divide the Borough into two kinds of activities:

- 1. Governmental Activities. Most of the Borough's basic services are reported here, including police, fire, general administrative, streets, parks, and sanitation. Real estate tax, franchise fees, fines, and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.
- 2. Business-type Activities. The Borough charges a fee to customers to help it cover all or most of the cost of certain services it provides. The Borough's sewer system is reported here.

### REPORTING THE BOROUGH AS A WHOLE (continued)

### Defining the Classifications of Expenditure:

- General Government activities includes the activities of the legislative council, the Borough manager's
  office, financial administration, legal counsel, insurance, and physical plant.
- Public safety activities include police protection, code enforcement, fire protection, and planning.
- Trash & Sanitation is the refuse service.
- Public Works includes general services, servicing of streets and storm sewers, and snow and ice removal.
- Health & Welfare includes Animal Control and other general health related charges.
- Cultural and recreation includes the community pool and parks. The library is classified separately as a non-profit entity.
- Other includes the various employee benefits and insurances paid by the Borough.
- Interest on long-term debt and fiscal charges involve the transactions associated with the payment of interest and other related charges to debt of the Borough.
- Enterprise fund involves the Borough's activities in the public sewer operations.

The dependence upon real estate tax revenues is apparent. The community, as a whole, is the primary support for the Borough of Wilson. The real estate taxes for the Borough are collected from Borough residents. The tax on real estate, as levied by the council, is 21.5 mills (\$21.50 per \$1,000 of assessed valuation) for fiscal year. Assessed valuations of property are determined by Northampton County and the tax collectors are responsible for collection. Taxable Assessed valuation was \$136,185,000 as of November 3, 2021.

### REPORTING THE BOROUGH'S MOST SIGNIFICANT FUNDS

### THE FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The fund financial statements begin on page 12 and provide detailed information about the most significant funds, not the Borough as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by State law. However, the Borough Council establishes certain other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants, and other money. The Borough's two kinds of funds – governmental and proprietary – use different accounting approaches.

### 1. Governmental Funds

Most of the Borough's basic services are reported in governmental funds that focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the Borough's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine (through a review of changes to fund balance) whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the Borough's programs. We describe the relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position- modified-cash basis and the Statement of Activities- modified-cash basis) and governmental funds in a reconciliation at the bottom of the fund financial statements. The Borough considers the General Fund and the Special Revenue Fund to be its significant or major governmental funds. All other funds are aggregated in a single column titled "Non-Major Funds."

### REPORTING THE BOROUGH'S MOST SIGNIFICANT FUNDS (continued)

2. Proprietary Funds. When the Borough charges customers for the services it provides, these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way all activities are reported in the Statement of Net Position- modified-cash basis and Statement of Activities-modified-cash basis. For example, Proprietary fund capital assets are capitalized and depreciated. In fact, the Borough's proprietary (enterprise) fund financial statements are essentially the same as the business-type activities we report in the government wide financial statements, but the fund statements provide more detail and additional information.

### A FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE BOROUGH AS A WHOLE

### Net Position - Modified Cash Basis

The Borough's combined net position resulting from modified cash basis transactions or events increased from approximately \$9.27 million to \$9.41 million between the years 2020 and 2021. Looking at the net position and net expenses of governmental and business-type activities.

	Governme	ntal A	ctivities	Business-T	уре А	ctivities	Te	otal		Total % Change
	 2020		2021	 2020		2021	2020		2021	20-21
Current and other assets Capital assets, net accumulated	\$ 2,025,358	\$	2,283,016	\$ 2,591,798	\$	1,675,690	\$ 4,617,156	\$	3,958,706	-14%
depreciation	4,775,320		5,579,833	526		_	4,775,846		5,579,833	17%
Total assets	6,800,678		7,862,849	2,592,324		1,675,690	9,393,002		9,538,539	2%
Long-term debt	440.044		440.000							
outstanding	112,211		118,675	-		-	112,211		118,675	6%
Other liabilities	 11,663		7,270	-		-	11,663		7,290	37%
Total liabilities	123,874		125,945	<b>H</b>		-	123,874		125,945	2%
Net position: Net investment in										
capital assets	4,775,320		5,579,833	526		-	4,775,846		5,579,833	17%
Restricted	210,693		549,784	-		_	210,693		549 784	161%
Unrestricted	1,690,791		1,607,287	 2,591,798		1,675,690	 4,282,589		3,282,977	-23%
Total net position	\$ 6,071,328	\$	7,736,904	\$ 2,592,324	\$	1,675,690	\$ 9,269,128	\$	9,412,594	2%

Net position of the Borough's business-type activities decreased approximately 35% to \$1.7 million. This decrease is due to the purchase of a ladder truck for the fire department costing just over \$1 million, using funds from matured certificates of deposit originally obtained through sale of sewer capacity many years prior. The sewer utility cost was increased in the past from \$4.10 per unit to \$5.50 per unit at the end of 2018, and remains the same at the end of 2021. Sewer utility bill revenue is \$141,603 higher than direct expenses, therefore without using sewer funds for general expenses, the sewer fund is considered self-sustaining. Changes from 2020 to 2021 reflect a favorable increase of 49% in total activities revenues and an increase of 85% for governmental activities revenues and increase of 11% for business-type activities revenues. The increase in governmental activities is mostly due to an increase in program specific grants received. Changes from 2020 to 2021 reflect an unfavorable increase of 15% in total activities expenses and an increase of 16% for governmental activities expenses and increase of 5% for business-type activities expenses.

### Changes in Net Position - Modified Cash Basis

For the year ended December 31, 2021, net position of the primary government (resulting from modified cash basis transactions or events) changed as follows:

		Governme	ntal A	ctivities		Business-T	уре А	ctivities		To	otal		Total % Change
		2020		2021		2020		2021		2020		2021	20-21
Revenues													
Program Revenues Charges for services	\$	1.059.452	\$	1,478,210	\$	1,224,650	\$	1,363,716	\$	2,284,102	\$	2,841,926	24.4%
Operating grants	Φ	1,009,402	φ	1,410,210	Φ	1,224,000	φ	1,303,710	Φ	2,204,102	Ψ	2,041,920	24.470
and contributions Capital grants and		190,088		777,856		-		-		190,088		777,856	309,2%
contributions		-		59,000		-		-		-		59,000	-%
General Revenues													
Taxes		5,048,811		4,770,368		-		-		5,048,811		4,770,368	-5.5%
Intergovernmental		201,166		5,795		-		_		201,166		5,795	-97.1%
Investment Income		4,777		802		36,458		4,653		41,235		5,455	-86.8%
Miscellaneous		200,975		70,984		-		-		200,975		70,984	-64.7%
Total revenues		6,705,269		7,163,015		1,261,108		1,368,369		7,966,377		8,531,384	7.0%
Expenses										`			
General government		496,781		495,333		_		-		496,781		495,333	-0.3%
Public safety		2,696,035		3,032,285		, н		-		2,696,035		3,032,285	12.5%
Trash and sanitation Streets and public		713,440		713,910		-		-		713,440		713,910	0.1%
works		676,138		1,018,475		-		-		676,138		1,018,475	50.6%
Health and welfare Culture and		5,807		8,351		-		-		5,807		8,351	43.8%
<ul><li>recreation</li></ul>		218,929		475,666		-		-		218,929		475,666	117.3%
Library		71,162		72,800		-		-		71,162		72,800	2.3%
Other		1,276,905		1,348,985		-		-		1,276,905		1,348,985	5.6%
Sewer	•	-		-		1,169,414		1,222,113		1,169,414		1,222,113	4.5%
Total expenses Excess (Deficiency)		6,155,197		7,165,805		1,169,414		1,222,113		7,324,611		8,387,918	14.5%
Revenue over Expeditures		550,072		(2,790)		91,694		146,256		641,766		143,466	-77.7%
Transfers		55,404		1,062,890		(55,404)		(1,062,890)		041,100		170,700	0%
increase (decrease) in net		00,404		1,002,030		(55,454)		(1,002,890)		**************************************		<u>-</u>	076
position		605,476		1,060,100		36,290		(916,634)		641,766		143,466	-77.7%
Ending Net Position	\$	6,676,804	\$	7,736,904	\$	2,592,324	\$	1,675,690	\$	9,269,128	\$	9,412,594	1.6%

### **Governmental Activities**

To aid in the understanding of the Statement of Activities, some additional explanation is given. Of particular interest is the format that is significantly different from a typical Statement of Revenue, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Balance- modified-cash basis. You will notice that expenses are listed in the first column, with revenues from that particular program reported to the right. The result is a Net (Expense)/Revenue. This type of format highlights the relative financial burden of each of the functions on the Borough's taxpayers. It also identifies how much each function draws from the general revenues or if it is self-financing through fees and grants or contributions. All other governmental revenues are reported as general. It is important to note that all taxes are classified as general revenue, even if restricted for a specific purpose.

For the year ended December 31, 2021, the Borough's governmental activities were funded as follows:

			•	Percentage	·			Percentage
	Total Cos	t of S	ervices	Change	Net Cost	of Ser	vices	Change
	2020		2021	19-20	2020		2021	19-20
General government	\$ 496,781	\$	495,333	-0.3%	\$ (287,513)	\$	(317,239)	10.3%
Public safety	2,696,035		3,032,285	12.5%	(2,488,499)		(2,633,978)	5.9%
Trash and sanitation	713,440		713,910	0.1%	11,951		110,226	822%
Streets and public works	676,138		1,018,475	50.6%	(578,812)		(676,306)	16.8%
Health and welfare	5.807		8,351	143,709%	(5,807)		(8,351)	43.8%
Culture and recreation	218,929		475,666	117.3%	(208,910)		(425,541)	103.7%
Library	71,162		72,800	2.3%	(71,162)		(72,800)	2.3%
Other	 1,276,905		1,348,985	5.6%	(1,276,905)		(826,750)	-35.3%
Total	\$ 6,155,197	\$	7,165,805	16.5%	\$ (4,905,657)	\$	(4,850,739)	-1.1%

For the year ended December 31, 2021, total expenses for governmental activities resulting from modified cash basis transactions or events amounted to \$7,165,805. Of these total expenses, taxpayers and other general revenues funded only \$4,847,949, and those directly benefiting from the program funded \$836,856 from grants and other contributions and \$1,478,210 from charges for services. The remainder was funded by a transfer of sewer capacity funds in the amount of \$1,062,890 in the form of public safety vehicle purchases.

### **Business-Type Activities**

In reviewing the business-type activities' net (expense)/revenue resulting from modified cash basis transactions or events, certain activities need to be examined more closely. The sewer service activity reported net revenue of \$141,603. There have been no grants or contributions to aid in the funding of the sewer service activity, however a \$1.40 per unit rate increase in 2018, has increased the net revenue in 2019. Rates have remained the same since 2018.

### A FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE BOROUGH'S FUNDS

Certain funds experienced noteworthy changes from the prior year and are highlighted as follows:

- In accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting, the General Fund reported revenues of \$6,335,869, expenditures of \$6,395,277, and net transfers of \$20,250 resulting in a decrease in the fund balance of \$39,158.
- The Borough's sewer activities reported an increase of (\$916,634) in net position on a modified cash basis and ended the year with \$1,675,690 in the unrestricted component of net position.

### **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

Over the course of the year, the Borough Council has not revised the General Fund budget. The budget, was consistent with the prior year budget.

For the year ended December 31, 2021, General Fund expenditures were \$256,469 or 4% below final appropriations, and General Fund revenues were \$193,611 or 3% above the final budgeted amount.

The majority of these differences were due to the loss of Easton Hospital tax revenue, COVID-19 impacts such as restrictions, postponements, funding/aid, and cost of PPE. There were also street project and pool renovation project delays that pushed expenses back to the year 2022.

### Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

For the year ended December 31, 2021, the Borough's governmental funds reported total fund balances on a modified cash basis of \$2,275,746, of which \$549,784 was restricted for specific purposes; \$316,016 was committed for specific purposes; and \$539,892 was assigned for specific purposes, leaving a remaining amount of \$952,579 as unassigned.

### **BOROUGH OF WILSON**

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED)

December 31, 2021

### **CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION**

### Capital Assets - Modified Cash Basis

At December 31, 2021, the Borough had \$5.6 million invested in capital assets, net of depreciation, on the modified cash basis of accounting, including police and fire equipment, buildings, park improvements, and vehicles (see the following table). This represents an increase of approximately \$804,512, or 16.8%, over the last year. This increase is the result of a combination of depreciation, asset purchases, and asset disposals.

Primary Government Capital Assets - Modified Cash Basis (Net of Accumulated Depreciation)

	Governm	ental Activites	Bus	siness-Ty	/pe Act	<u>ivites</u>	]	<u>otals</u>
	2020	2021		2020	2	021	2020	2021
Land	\$ 100,781	\$ 100,781	\$	0	\$	0	\$ 100,781	\$ 100,781
Land Improvements Bulldings & Building	\$ 1,052,086	\$ 1,020,431	\$	0	\$	0	\$ 1,052,086	\$ 1,020,431
Improvements	\$ 1,775,502	\$ 1,690,738	\$	0	\$	0	\$ 1,775,502	\$ 1,690,738
Equipment	\$ 1,017,426	\$ 911,863	\$	0	\$	0	\$ 1,017,426	\$ 911,863
Vehicles	\$ 730,096	\$ 1,705,247	\$	0	\$	0	\$ 730,096	\$ 1,705,247
Furniture & Fixtures	\$ 99,430	\$ 150,773	\$	0	\$	0	\$ 99,430	\$ 150,773
Utility Property	\$_0	\$ 0	\$	527	\$	0	\$ 527	\$ 0
	\$ 4,775,321	\$ 5,579,833	\$	527	\$	0	\$ 4,775,848	\$ 5,579,833

### **ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES**

For the upcoming year ended December 31, 2021, the Borough's budget is fairly consistent with this year. Significant differences are due to the loss of revenue from Easton Hospital, salary increases for staff and the corresponding expenses such as group benefits and taxes, reopening recreation services to the public, and grants applied for or approved from one year to the next.

### **CURRENT FINANCIAL ISSUES AND CONCERNS**

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and creditors with a general overview of the Borough's finances and to demonstrate the Borough's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Borough at 610-258-6142 or at the Borough offices, 2040 Hay Terrace, Wilson, Pennsylvania 18042.

# BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## Borough of Wilson, Northampton County, Pennsylvania Statement of Net Position - Modified Cash Basis - Government-Wide December 31, 2021

		Primary Government	
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$2,283,016	\$675,556	\$2,958,572
Due from other funds, net	-00	-00	-00
Investments	-00	1,000,134	1,000,134
Capital assets (Note 3C):			
Land Capital assets, net of accumulated	100,781	-00	100,781
depreciation	5,479,052	-00	5,479,052
Total Assets	7,862,849	1,675,690	9,538,539
LIABILITIES			
Due to enterprise fund	-00	-00	-00
Due to other governments	7,270	-00	7,270
Long-term liabilities:			
Due within one year	48,913	-00	48,913
Due in more than one year	69,762		69,762
Total Liabilities	125,945	-00	125,945
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	5,579,833	-00	5,579,833
Restricted for:			
Other purposes	549,784	-00	549,784
Unrestricted	1,607,287	1,675,690	3,282,977
Total Net Position	\$7,736,904	\$1,675,690	\$9,412,594

Borough of Wilson, Northampton County, Pennsylvania Statement of Activities - Modified Cash Basis - Government-Wide For Year Ended December 31, 2021

			Program Revenues		Net Revenue (Ex	Net Revenue (Expense) and Changes in Net Position	s in Net Position
	į	Charges for	Program- Specific Operating Grants and	Program- Specific Capital Grants and	Governmental	Business-Type	
Functions/ Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total
Filmary Government Governmental Activities:							
General Government	\$495,333	\$170,566	\$7.528	UD-\$	\$(317.239)	0	\$/247 920)
Public Safety	3,032,285	339,307	Ģ	29.000	(2 633 978)		(823,115,94)
Trash/Sanitation	713,910	824,136	8	9	110.226	8 5	410.226
Streets and Public Works	1,018,475	13,917	328,252	8 8	(676,306)	8 8	(676 306)
Health and Welfare	8,351	00	00-	8	(8,351)	8 8	(8.351)
Library	72,800	8	8	00	(72.800)	8 8	(72,800)
Culture and Recreation	475,666	16,625	33,500	0	(425,541)	8 8	(425 541)
Other	1,348,985	113,659	408,576	6	(826.750)	\$ <b>\$</b>	(826.750)
Unallocated Interest	8	0 <del>0</del>	9	00-	) }	8 8	(20 ::51)
Unallocated Depreciation	00-	00-	<del>Q</del>	00	9	<b>8</b>	8 9
Total Governmental Activities	7,165,805	1,478,210	777,856	59,000	(4,850,739)	00-	(4,850,739)
Business-Type Activities:	1 222 113	4 262 746	S	S	;	;	
	1,222,113	01 / 606,1		9	3	141,603	141,603
l otal Business-Type Activities	1,222,113	1,363,716	00-	00-	00-	141,603	141,603
Total Primary Government	8,387,918	2,841,926	777,856	59,000	(4,850,739)	141,603	(4,709,136)
	General Revenues:	S: Toxos:					
	-	dAES.					
		Property laxes			3,284,057	00-	3,284,057
		Earned Income Taxes	xes		936,880	e e	936,880
		Business Privilege Taxes	Taxes		141,306	00	141,306
		Franchise Fees			99,207	Ş	99,207
	•	Public Service Laxes	Se		308,918	<b>0</b> 0	308,918
	=	ntergov'tal revenue no	intergov'tal revenue not restricted to specific programs	c programs	5,795	ô	5,795
		Investment Income			802	4,653	5,455
	2	Miscellaneous			70,984	8	70,984
	_	Fransfers - Internal Activity, net	ctivity, net		1,062,890	(1,062,890)	00-
		Total General Reve	Total General Revenues and Transfers		5,910,839	(1,058,237)	4,852,602
		_	Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	ental Activities	1,060,100	(916,634)	143,466
	Net Position - Beginning	ming			6,676,804	2,592,324	9,269,128
	Net Position - Ending	Đ.			\$7,736,904	\$1,675,690	\$9,412,594
See accompanying notes to the financial statements 7	ements.						

### Borough of Wilson, Northampton County, Pennsylvania Balance Sheet - Modified Cash Basis Governmental Funds December 31, 2021

	General Fund	Debt Service Fund	Special Revenue - Highway Ald Fund	Special Revenue - ARPA Fund	Other Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	Total Gov't Funds
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$1,417,216	\$316,016	\$141,187	\$408,597	\$-00	\$2,283,016
ADP Temporary Holding Fund	\$-00	,				
Interfund Receivables	82,525	-00	-00	-00	-00	82,525
Investments	-00	-00	-00	-00	-00	-00
Total Assets	\$1,499,741	\$316,016	\$141,187	\$408,597	\$-00	\$2,365,541
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities: Due to other governments	\$7,270	\$-00	\$-00	\$-00	\$-00	\$7,270
Interfund payables	-00	-00	-00	-00	82,525	82,525
Total Liabilities	7,270	-00		-00	82,525	89,795
Fund Balances (see note 1D):						
Nonspendable	-00	-00	-00	-00	(82,525)	(82,525)
Restricted	-00	-00	141,187	408,597	-00	549,784
Committed	-00	316,016	-00	-00	-00	316,016
Assigned	539,892	-00	-00	-00	-00	539,892
Unassigned	952,579	-00	-00	-00	-00	952,579
Total Fund Balances	1,492,471	316,016	141,187	408,597	(82,525)	2,275,746
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$1,499,741	\$316,016	\$141,187	\$408,597	\$-00	\$2,365,541

### Reconciliation to Statement of Net Position - Modified Cash Basis:

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position-modified cash basis are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities of \$12,162,445, net of accumulated depreciation of \$6,582,612 are not financial resources, and therefore are not reported in the funds.

5,579,833

Debt principal additions is a fixed asset lease of \$56,783 and repayment of debt principal of \$50,319 is an expenditure in the governmental funds.

(118,675)

Net position of governmental activities

\$7,736,904

# Borough of Wilson, Northampton County, Pennsylvania Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Modified Cash Basis Governmental Funds December 31, 2021

	General Fund	Debt Service Fund	Special Revenue - Highway Aid Fund	Special Revenue - ARPA Fund	Other Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	Total Gov't Funds
Revenues:						
Taxes and penalties, net discounts and						
allowances (see note 3H)	\$4,671,160	\$-00	\$-00	\$-00	\$-00	\$4,671,160
Licenses and permits	227,528	-00	-00	-00	-00	227,528
Fines and Forfeitures	55,218	-00	-00	-00	-00	55,218
Rents and royalties	42,245	-00	-00	-00	-00	42,245
Intergovernmental	216,440	-00	186,781	408,576	241,498	1,053,295
Charges for services	1,041,779	-00	-00	-00	-00	1,041,779
Investment income	640	94	48	21	-00	803
Miscellaneous	38,223	-00	-00	-00	-00	38,223
Total Revenue	6,293,233	94	186,829	408,597	241,498	7,130,251
Expenditures: Current: General Government:						
Legislative body	24,922	-00	-00	-00	-00	24,922
Executive body	92,053	-00	-00	-00	-00	92,053
Auditing services	23,250	-00	-00	-00	-00	23,250
Tax collection	15,184	-00	-00	-00	-00	15,184
Legal services	59,662	-00	-00	-00	-00	59,662
Secretary/clerk	22,483	-00	-00	-00	-00	22,483
General government other	186,140	-00	-00	-00	-00	186,140
Capital outlay - General Gov't	-00	-00	-00	-00	-00	-00
Public Safety:	-00	-00	-00		-00	-00
Police	1,811,915	-00	-00	-00	-00	1,811,915
Capital outlay - Police	100,574	-00	-00	-00	-00	100,574
Fire	874,654	-00	-00	-00	-00	874,654
Capital outlay - Fire	11,271	-00	-00	-00	15,000	26,271
Code	100,624	-00	-00	-00	-00	100,624
Zoning	14,060	-00	-00	-00	-00	14,060
Emergency management	1,300	-00	-00	-00	-00	1,300
Health and Welfare	8,351	-00	-00	-00	-00	8,351
Streets and Public Works:	0,001	00		00	00	0,001
Streets and bridges	517,451	-00	205,731	-00	223,996	947,178
Capital outlay - Public works	7,965	-00	-00	-00	-00	7,965
Sanitation	712,823	-00	-00	-00	-00	712,823
Culture and Recreation:	7 12,020	•	00	00	•	, 12,020
Parks and recreation	371,380	-00	-00	-00	33,500	404,880
Capital outlay - recreation	283	-00	-00	-00	-00	283
Library	72,800	-00	-00	-00	-00	72,800
Community Development	-00	-00	-00	-00	-00	-00
Debt service - principal	-00 29,481	-00	20,838	-00	-00	50,319
Debt service - interest	-00	-00	4,162	-00	-00	4,162
Employer Paid Benefits and W/H	1,200,238	-00	-00	-00	-00	1,200,238
Insurance	1,200,238	-00	-00	-00	-00	110,281
Unclassified Operating Expenditures	639	-00	-00	-00	-00 -00	•
Total Expenditures	6,369,784	-00	230,731	-00	272,496	639 6,873,011
(continued)	0,000,104	-00	200,101		212,700	0,873,011

## Borough of Wilson, Northampton County, Pennsylvania Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Modified Cash Basis Governmental Funds December 31, 2021

Other Financing Sou	rces (Uses):	:
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Transfers in	20,800	-00	-00	-00	5,355	26,155
Transfers out	(550)	-00	(24,931)	-00	(673)	(26,154)
Refund of prior year revenues	(25,493)	-00	-00	-00	(12,332)	(37,825)
Refund of prior year expenditures	42,636	-00	-00	-00	-00	42,636
Total other financing sources (uses)	37,393	-00	(24,931)	-00	(7,650)	4,812
Change in Fund Balances	(39,158)	94	(68,833)	408,597	(38,648)	262,052
Fund Balances - beginning	1,531,630	315,922	210,020	00	(43,877)	2,013,695
Fund Balances - ending	\$1,492,472	\$316,016	\$141,187	\$408,597	\$(82,525)	\$2,275,747

### Reconciliation to Statement of Activities - Modified Cash Basis:

Change in Fund Balance - total governmental funds

262,052

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities-modified cash basis are different because:

Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position:

Capital debt obligation principal payments

50,319

Addition to debt principal

(56,783)

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures while governmental activities report depreciation expense to allocate those expenditures over the life of the assets:

Capital asset purchases and acquisitions capitalized

1,262,066

Depreciation expense

(447,678)

Capital asset dispositions, net accumulated depreciation

(9,876)

Change in Governmental Fund Balance

\$1,060,100

### Borough of Wilson, Northampton County, Pennsylvania Statement of Net Position - Modified Cash Basis Proprietary Fund December 31, 2021

ASSETS	Sewer Enterprise Fund
Current Assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$675,556
Investments	1,000,134
Total Current Assets	1,675,690
Non-Current Assets	
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	-00
Other capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	-00
Total Non-Current Assets	-00
Total Assets	1,675,690
•	
LIABILITIES	
Current Liabilities:	
Notes payable - current portion	-00
Total Current Liabilities	-00
Non-Current Liabilities:	
Notes payable - long-term portion	-00
Total Non-Current Liabilities	-00
Total Liabilities	-00
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	00
Restricted	-00
Unrestricted	-00 4.675.600
Total Net Position	1,675,690
Total Not Logition	\$1,675,690

### Borough of Wilson, Northampton County, Pennsylvania Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position - Modified Cash Basis Proprietary Fund December 31, 2021

	Sewer Enterprise
Operating Revenues:	Fund
Charges for services:	********
Sewer and Penalties, net discounts and allowances (see note 3H)	\$1,363,716
Other	-00
Total Operating Revenues	1,363,716
Operating Expenses:	
Sewer - EAJSA	938,623
Administration/general	282,964
Depreciation	526
Total Operating Expenses	1,222,113
Operating Income	141,603
Non-Operating Revenues:	
Investment income	4,653
Total Non-Operating Revenue	4,653
Net Income before Contributions and Transfers	146,256
Other Financing Uses	
Transfers in	-00
Transfers out	(1,062,890)
Total Other Financing Uses	(1,062,890)
Changes in Fund Net Position	(916,634)
Total Fund Net Position - beginning	2,592,324
Total Fund Net Position - ending	\$1,675,690

### Borough of Wilson, Northampton County, Pennsylvania Statement of Cash Flows - Modified Cash Basis Proprietary Fund December 31, 2021

	Sewer Enterprise Fund
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	
Receipts from customers	\$1,363,716
Payments to other supplies of goods and services	(938,623)
Payments to employees for services	(129,154)
Other operating cash payments	(153,810)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	142,129
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
Transfers to other funds	(1,062,890)
Transfers from other funds	-00
Capacity sales	-00
Net Cash Used by Non-Capital Financing Activities	(1,062,890)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
Principal paid on capital debt	-00
Interest paid on capital debt	-00
Capital contributions	-00
Net Cash Provided by Capital and Related Financing Activities	-00
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	
Interest and dividends	157
Receipts from matured investments	1,620,248
Payments to investments	(500,000)
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	1,120,405
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents	199,644
Balance - beginning of the year	475,912
Balance - ending of the year	\$675,556
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:	
Operating income	141,603
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating	141,003
activities:	
Change in assets and liabilities:	
Due from other governments	-00
Depreciation	526
Miscellaneous non-operating receipts	-00
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$142,129
7 1 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	+ · ·-, ·-+

### BOROUGH OF WILSON, NORTHAMPTON COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA

### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### **DECEMBER 31, 2021**

### NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

As discussed further in Note 1.C, these financial statements are presented in accordance with a modified cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). These modified cash basis financial statements generally meet the presentation and disclosure requirements applicable to GAAP in substance but limited to elements presented in the financial statements and the constraints of the measurement and recognition criteria of the modified basis of accounting.

### **1A. FINANCIAL REPORTING ENTITY**

The Borough's financial reporting entity is composed of the following:

Primary Government: Borough of Wilson

### PRIMARY GOVERNMENT

The Borough of Wilson is located in Northampton County, Pennsylvania. The Borough is a municipal corporation and is governed by a Borough Council and a Mayor. The daily operations and management of the Borough are performed by the administrative staff of the Borough, headed by the Borough Manager, who is appointed by the Borough Council.

### **1B. BASIS OF PRESENTATION**

### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The Statement of Net Position - modified-cash basis and Statement of Activities - modified-cash basis display information about the reporting government as a whole within the limitations of the modified cash basis of accounting. They include all funds of the reporting entity except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

### **FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

Fund financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitutes its assets, liabilities, fund balance, revenues, and expenditures/expenses. Funds are organized into two major categories: governmental and proprietary. The Borough has no fiduciary funds, included in the financial statements. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the Borough meets the following criteria:

- a. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type,
- b. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental fund or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

The funds of the financial reporting entity are described subsequently:

### **Governmental Funds**

### General Fund

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the Borough and always classified as a major fund. It is used to account for all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

### Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of the specific revenue sources that are either restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The reporting entity includes the following special revenue funds, all of which are reported as major funds.

<u>Fund</u>	Brief Description
Highway Liquid Fuels Fund	Accounts for gasoline excise and commercial vehicle taxes legally restricted for street and alley improvements.
Community Grant Funds	Accounts for revenues and expenditures of state and federal grants per the grant agreements.

### **Debt Service Funds**

Debt service funds are used to account for funds held for the purposes of paying current and future debt principal in interest. The reporting entity includes the following capital project fund that is reported as a non-major fund:

Fund	Brief Description	
Debt Service Fund	Accounts for funds help in case of future need of payments towards debt principal or interest.	

### **Capital Project Funds**

Capital project funds are used to account and report financial resources restricted, committed or assigned for capital outlays including the acquisition or construction of specific capital facilities or other capital items. The reporting entity includes the following capital project fund that is reported as a non-major fund:

	Fund				Brief Description		
		Capital Improvement Fund	Accounts for contributions and specific revenues and transfers from other Borough funds and expenditures for various capital projects as the Borough Council may designate.				

### **Proprietary Funds**

### **Enterprise Fund**

Enterprise funds are used to account for business-like activities provided to the general public. These activities are financed primarily by user charges, and the measurement of financial activity focuses on net income measurement similar to the private sector. The reporting entity includes the following enterprise fund that is reported as a major fund:

Fund	Brief Description
Sewer Enterprise Funds	Accounts for the activities of the public trust in providing sewer and wastewater services to the public.

### 1C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Measurement focus is a term used to describe what transactions or events are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to when and how transactions or events are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

### **MEASUREMENT FOCUS**

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position - modified-cash basis and the Statement of Activities - modified-cash basis, both governmental and business-like activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus, within the limitations of the modified cash basis of accounting, as defined subsequently in item (b).

In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus or the "economic resources" measurement focus, as applied to the modified cash basis of accounting, is used as appropriate:

- a. All governmental funds utilize a "current financial resources" measurement focus within the limits of the modified cash basis of accounting. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.
- b. The proprietary fund utilizes an "economic resources" measurement focus within the limitations of the modified cash basis of accounting. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net position (or cost recovery), net financial position, and cash flows. All assets (whether current or non-current, financial or non-financial) associated with their activities are reported within the limitations of the modified cash basis of accounting.

### **BASIS OF ACCOUNTING**

The financial statements are presented in accordance with a modified cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). This basis of accounting involves modifications to the cash basis of accounting to report in the statements of net position or balance sheets cash transactions or events that provide a benefit or result in an obligation that covers a period greater than the period in which the cash transaction or event occurred. Such reported balances include investments, interfund receivable and payables, capital assets and related depreciation, and short-term and long-term liabilities arising from cash transactions or events.

This modified cash basis of accounting differs from GAAP primarily because certain assets and their related revenues (such a accounts receivable and revenue for billed or provided services not yet collected and other accrued revenue and receivables) and certain liabilities and their related expenses or expenditures (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid and other accrued expenses and liabilities) are not recorded in these financial statements. In addition, other economic assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows or resources that do not arise from a cash transaction or event are not reported, and the measurement of reported assets and liabilities does not involve adjustment to fair value.

If the Borough utilized GAAP, the fund financial statements for governmental funds would use the modified accrual basis of accounting, and the fund financial statements for proprietary fund types would use the accrual basis of accounting. All government-wide financials would be presented in accordance with the accrual basis of accounting.

### 1D. FINANCIAL POSITION

### CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

For the purpose of financial reporting, "cash and cash equivalents" include all demand and savings accounts and certificates of deposit or short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less. Trust account investments in open-ended mutual fund shares are also considered cash equivalents.

### **INVESTMENTS**

Investments classified in the financial statements consist entirely of certificates of deposit acquired with cash whose original maturity term exceeds 3 months. Investments are carried at cost, which approximates fair value.

### **DUE FROM OTHER FUNDS OR GOVERNMENTS**

Receivables and payables to other funds or governments arising from cash transactions or events are recorded in the financial statements as a modification to the cash basis of accounting.

### **CAPITAL ASSETS**

The Borough's modified cash basis of accounting reports capital assets resulting from cash transactions or events and reports depreciation when appropriate. The accounting treatment over property, plant, and equipment (capital assets) depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

### **Government-wide Financial Statements**

In the government-wide financial statements, capital assets arising from cash transactions or events are accounted for as assets in the Statement of Net Position - modified-cash basis. All capital assets are valued at historical cost, or estimated historical cost if actual is unavailable. Estimated historical cost was used to value the majority of the assets acquired prior to January 1, 2004. Prior to January 1, 2004, government funds' capital assets were not capitalized. Land and capital assets acquired since January 1, 2004, are capitalized and recorded at cost.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets arising from cash transactions is recorded as an allocated expense in the Statement of Activities - modified-cash basis, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the Statement of Net Position - modified-cash basis. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. The capitalization threshold varies by asset type. The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

Buildings and Grounds 20-50 years
Improvements other than building 20-30 years
Machinery, furniture, and equipment 5-30 years
Motor vehicles 5-15 years
Infrastructure (prospective only) 25-50 years

### **Fund Financial Statements**

In the fund financial statements, capital assets arising from cash transactions or events acquired for use in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Capital assets acquired for use in proprietary fund operations are accounted for the same as in the government-wide statements.

### LONG-TERM DEBT

All long-term secured debt arising from cash transactions to be repaid from governmental and business-type resources is reported as liabilities in the government-wide statements.

Long-term debt arising from cash transactions or events of governmental funds is not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. The debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources and payment of principal and interest reported as expenditures. The accounting for proprietary funds is the same in the fund financial statements as the treatment in the government-wide statements.

### **NET POSITION/FUND BALANCE CLASSIFICATIONS**

### **Government-Wide Statements**

Net Position is classified and displayed in three components:

- a. Net investment in capital assets. Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balance of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- b. Restricted. Consists of restricted assets reduced by liabilities related to these assets, with restriction constraints placed on use either by external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted. Net amount of assets and liabilities that are not included in the determination of net investment in capital assets.

It is the Borough's policy to first use restricted net resources prior to the use of unrestricted net resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

The Borough will also expend committed funds first, then assigned amounts, followed by unassigned funds when an expenditure is incurred for purposes in which any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

### **Fund Financial Statements**

### **Governmental Funds**

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Proprietary fund equity is classified the same as in the government-wide statements.

The difference among assets and liabilities of governmental funds is reported as fund balance and classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed assigned, and unassigned, and unassigned based on the respective level of constraint. These constraints are defined as follows:

- a. Nonspendable Amounts that cannot be spent because they either are not in spendable form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- Restricted Amounts constrained regarding use from restrictions externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments or by restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislations.
- c. Committed Amounts constrained regarding use for specific purposes pursuant to requirements imposed by formal action of the Borough's highest level of decision-making authority (Council), and recording such in the minutes.
- d. Assigned Amounts constrained by the Borough's intent to be used or specific purpose but that are neither restricted nor committed. It is decided by Council and recorded in the minutes.
- e. Unassigned The residual classification of the General Fund for spendable amounts that have not been restricted, committed or assigned to specific purposes.

It is the Borough's policy to first use restricted fund balances prior to the use of unrestricted fund balances when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balances are available. It is also Borough policy to use committed fund balances before assigned fund balances and assigned fund balances before unassigned amounts when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which amounts in those classifications are available to be used.

The difference among assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources of proprietary funds is reported as net position and classified in the same manner as the government-wide - modified-cash basis financial statements, as previously described.

### 1E. REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND EXPENSES

### **PROGRAM REVENUES**

In the Statement of Activities - modified cash basis, revenues that are derived directly from each activity or from parties outside the Borough's taxpayers are reported as program revenues. The Borough has the following program revenues in each activity:

General Government

Licenses and permits.

Public Safety

Fine revenue; operating and capital grants; other

government revenue.

Trash and Sanitation

Revenue collected for the usage of trash collection and

sanitation services.

Streets and Public Works

Commercial vehicle and gasoline excise tax shared by the

State.

Culture and Recreation

Rental income, recreation fees, concession sales, and

specific donations.

All other governmental revenues are reported as general. All taxes are classified as general revenue even if restricted for a specific purpose. Indirect expenses, if any, are allocated based on a percent of revenue of each activity to total revenue.

### **OPERATING REVENUE AND EXPENSES**

Operating revenues and expenses for proprietary funds result from providing services and producing and delivering goods and/or services. Revenues are recognized as available when cash is received. Not included as operating revenues and expenses are non-capital financing activities, or investing activities.

### 1F. INTERNAL AND INTERFUND BALANCES AND ACTIVITIES

In the process of aggregating the financial information for the government-wide - modified-cash basis Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, some amounts reported as interfund activity and balances in the fund financial statements have been eliminated or reclassified.

### **FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

Interfund activity, if any, within and among the governmental and proprietary fund categories is reported as follows in the fund financial statements:

- 1. Interfund loans Amounts provided with a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund receivables and payables.
- 2. Interfund services Sales or purchases of goods and services between funds are reported as revenues and expenditures/expenses.
- 3. Interfund reimbursements Repayments from funds responsible for certain expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not reported as reimbursements but as adjustments to expenditures/expenses in the respective funds.
- 4. Interfund transfers Flow of assets from one fund to another where repayment is not expected or reported as transfers in and out.

### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

Interfund activity and balances, if any, are eliminated or reclassified in the government-wide - modified-cash basis financial statements as follows:

- 1. Internal balances Amounts reported in the fund financial statements as interfund receivables and payable are eliminated in the governmental and business-type activities columns of the Statement of Net Position modified-cash basis, except for the net residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities, which are reported as Internal Balances.
- 2. Internal activities Amounts reported as interfund transfers in the fund financial statements are eliminated in the government-wide Statement of Activities modified-cash basis except for the net amount of transfers between governmental and business-type activities, which are reported as Transfers—Internal Activities. The effects of interfund services between funds, if any, are not eliminated in the Statement of Activities modified-cash basis.

### **1G. USE OF ESTIMATES**

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting, used by the Borough requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures (such as estimated useful lives in determining depreciation expense); accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

### NOTE 2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

By its nature as a local government unit, the Borough is subject to various federal, state, and local laws and contractual regulations. There were no instances of noncompliance.

### NOTE 3. DETAIL NOTES - TRANSACTION CLASSES/ACCOUNTS

The following notes present detail information to support the amounts reported in the basic financial statements for its various assets, liabilities, equity, revenues, and expenditures or expenses.

### 3A. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

### <u>CUSTODIAL CREDIT RISK – DEPOSITS</u>

Total Borough bank cash deposits of \$2,958,373, of the primary government were insured or collateralized, therefore not being subject to custodial credit risk.

### CUSTODIAL CREDIT RISK - INVESTMENTS

Investments are limited by State law to the following:

- Direct obligation of the US Government, its agencies and instrumentalities to which the full faith and credit of the US Government is pledged, or obligations to the payment of which the full faith and credit of the State is pledged.
- b. Certificates of deposit or savings accounts that are either insured or secured with acceptable collateral with in-state financial institutions, and fully insured certificates of deposit or savings accounts in out-ofstate financial institutions.
- c. With certain limitation, negotiable certificates of deposit, prime banker's acceptances, prime commercial paper, and repurchase agreements with certain limitations.
- d. County, municipal, or school district tax-supported debt obligations, bond or revenue anticipation notes, money judgments, or bond or revenue anticipation notes of public trusts whose beneficiary is a county, municipality, or school district.
- e. Notes or bonds secured by mortgage or trust deed insured by the Federal Housing Administrator and debentures issued by the Federal Housing Administrator, and in obligations of the National Mortgage Association.

25

f. Money market funds regulated by the Securities and Exchange Commission and in which investments consist of the investments mentioned in the previous paragraphs a, b, c, and d.

During the year ended December 31, 2021, the Borough's investments consisted solely of certificates of deposit whose original maturity term is 6 months. At December 31, 2021, the carrying value and fair value of the certificates of deposit totaled \$1,000,134. For purposes of custodial credit risk, the certificates of deposit are included in the preceding deposits risk analysis as investments.

### **3B. RESTRICTED ASSETS**

The amount reported as restricted assets comprise amounts held in the special revenue funds the state highway aid in the amount of \$141,187 and the ARPA grant in the amount of \$408,597. See page 37 and 38 for a detail of the non-major individual grants. Terms of the restriction are disclosed in the grant agreements.

### **3C. CAPITAL ASSETS**

Capital asset activity resulting from modified cash basis transactions or events for the year ended December 31, 2021, was as follows:

December 31, 2021, was as lonows.	Ja	Balance at anuary 1, 2021	Additions	[	Deductions	De	Balance at cember 31, 2021
Governmental activities:		·					
Capital assets not being depreciated -							
Land	\$	100,781	\$ -	\$	• -	\$	100,781
Total capital assets not being depreciated							
Other capital assets:	,						
Land improvements	\$	1,386,837	\$ -	\$	-	\$	1,386,837
Buildings and improvements	\$	3,583,194	\$ -	\$	-	\$	3,583,194
Equipment	\$	2,841,660	\$ 82,915	\$	23,107	\$	2,901,468
Vehicles	\$	2,827,032	\$ 1,110,923	\$	-	\$	3,937,955
Furniture and fixtures	\$	186,970	\$ 68,228	\$	2,989	\$	252,209
Total other capital assets at historical cost	\$	10,825,693	\$ 1,262,066	\$	26,096	\$	12,061,663
Less accumulated depreciation for:							
Land improvements	\$	334,751	\$ 31,655	\$	-	\$	366,406
Buildings and improvements	\$	1,807,692	\$ 84,765	\$	-	\$	1,892,457
Equipment	\$	1,824,234	\$ 180,095	\$	14,726	\$	1,989,603
Vehicles	\$	2,096,936	\$ 135,772	\$	-	\$	2,232,708
Furniture and fixtures	\$	87,540	\$ 15,391	\$	1,494	\$	101,437
Other capital assets, net	\$	4,674,540	\$ 814,388	\$	9,876	\$	5,479,052
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	4,775,321	\$ 814,388	\$	9,876	\$	5,579,833
Business-type activities:							
Other capital assets:							
Utility Improvements	\$	27,632	\$ -	\$		\$	27,632
Total other capital assets at historical cost	\$	27,632	\$ 	\$	-	\$	27,632
Less accumulated depreciation for:							
Utility Improvements	\$	27,105	\$ 527	\$	-	\$	27,632
Other capital assets, net	\$	527	\$ (527)	\$	-	\$	0
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$	527	\$ (527)	\$		\$	0

Depreciation expense was charged to functions as follows in the Statement of Activities - modified-cash basis:

\$ 71,639
\$ 229,732
\$ 75,522
\$ 70,785
\$ 447,678
\$ 527
\$ 527
\$ \$ \$

No interest was capitalized during the year.

### **3D. LONG-TERM DEBT**

The reporting entity's long-term debt arising from cash transactions is segregated between the amounts to be repaid from governmental activities and amounts to be repaid from business-type activities. There are no outstanding debts from business-type activities.

### **GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES**

As of December 31, 2021, the long-term debt, arising from cash transactions or events, payable from governmental fund resources consisted of the following:

### Capital Debt Obligations:

A lease/purchase agreement dated January 7, 2020, in the amount of \$136,020, was executed by proper officials to lease/purchase a 2020 Case 621G ZBar Wheel Loader. The annual rate of interest is 3.709% on six annual payments of \$25,000, including interest that started in 2020, with a final payment due in 2025.

A lease/purchase agreement dated 2021, in the amount of \$56,783, was executed by proper officials to lease/purchase a 2021 Ford F-350 Dump Truck. The lease consists of two annual payments of \$29,481, including interest of \$2,178.73 in year two, with the final payment due in 2022.

### **CHANGES IN LONG-TERM DEBT**

The following is a summary of changes in long-term debt for the year ended December 31, 2021.

	Balance January 1,			Balance December	Principal Amount Due
Type of Debt	2021	Additions	_Reductions_	31, 2021	Within One Year
Governmental Activities:					
Wheel Loader	\$ 112,211	\$ 0	\$ 20,838	\$ 91,373	\$ 21,611
Dump Truck	0	56,783	29,481	27,302	27,302
Capital Debt Obligations Total	\$ 0	\$ 136,020	\$ 23,809	\$ 112,211	\$ 48,913

### DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS TO MATURITY

The annual debt service requirements to maturity, including principal and interest, for debt, as of December 31, 2021, are as follows:

Year Ended		Loan I Loader Capital Debt Obligations		Loan 2 Dump Truck Capital Debt Obligations		als
December 31	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2021	\$ 20,838	\$ 4,162	\$ 29,481	\$ 0	\$ 50,319	\$ 4,162
2022	21,611	3,389	27,302	2,179	48,913	5,568
2023	22,412	2,588			22,412	2,588
2024	23,244	1,756			23,244	1,756
2025	24,106	894			24,106	894
Total	\$ 112,211	\$ 13,980	\$ 58,962	\$ 2,179	\$ 171,173	\$ 16,159

### 3E. TAXES

For year 2021, the following taxes were levied:

Real Estate		_	21.5 mills on assessed value (\$21.50 per \$1,000)
Real Estate Transfer			1%
Earned Income		_	1%
Local Services		_	\$52 per employee, exceeding \$12,000 in gross income
Business Privilege		_	\$25 license plus .001 or .0015 of gross receipts
Per Capita	•	—	\$5 per person (no age limit)
Occupation Tax			\$5 per person (no age limit)

The Earned Income, Real Estate Transfer, and Business Privilege taxes are split equally with the Wilson Area School District. The Local Services Tax is also split with the school district; \$5.00 to them and \$47.00 to the Borough. Property taxes are based upon assessed valuations provided by the County (approximately \$136,185,000 as of November 3, 2021). Real estate property taxes are levied on February 1 and are payable as follows: 2% discount, February 1 through March 31; base amount, April 1 through May 30; 10% penalty, after May 30. Unpaid taxes must be returned to Northampton County for collection by May 1 of the following year.

### **3F. INTERFUND TRANSFERS AND BALANCES**

### **INTERFUND TRANSFERS**

Transfers between funds of the primary government arising from cash transactions or events for the year ended December 31, 2021, were as follows:

·	Transfers In	Transfers Out
MAJOR FUNDS:		
GENERAL FUND:	** ***	<b>.</b> -
Sewer Fund	\$1,062,890	\$0
Total General Fund	1,062,890	0
ENTERPRISE FUND:		
Sewer Fund:		
General Fund	0	1,062,890
Total Enterprise Fund	0	1,062,890
GRAND TOTALS	\$1,062,890	\$1,062,890

The Borough's Sewer fund purchased a police vehicle and a fire ladder truck in 2021. The transfers are not expected to be repaid.

### **INTERFUND BALANCES**

The general fund spent \$82,525 on reimbursable grant expenditures, however will not be repaid until the money is received from the grantor.

### **3G. FUND BALANCES**

Fund balances of the Borough's governmental funds at December 31, 2021, are classified as follows regarding constraint:

			Special Reve	nue Funds	
Fund Balances:	General Fund	Aggregate Nonmajor Funds	Highway Fund	Grant Funds	Total
Nonspendable	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ (82,525)	\$ (82,525)
Restricted for:	_	_	_		
General Government	0	0	0	408,597	408,597
Highways	0	0	141,187	0	141,187
Home Program	0	0	0	0	0
Public Safety	0	0	0	0	0
Parks and Recreation	0	0	0	0	0
Committed to:					
Other Purposes	0	316,016	0	0	316,016
Assigned to:		•			,
General Government	40,003	0	0	. 0	40,003
Public Safety	210,770	0	0	0	210,770
Health Services	401	0	0	0	401
Sanitation	118,669	0	0	0	118,669
Public Works	45,420	0	0	0	45,420
Culture & Recreation	22,270	0	0	Ō	22,270
Employer Tax &	•	_	_	_	,
Group Benefits	102,359	0	0	0	102,359
Únassigned	952,579	0	0	0	952,579
Total Fund Balances	\$1,492,471	\$ 316,016	\$ 141,187	\$ 326,072	\$2,275,746

### **3H. DISCOUNTS AND ALLOWANCES OF REVENUES**

Revenues are reported net of discounts and allowances in the fund financial statements, with a description as follows:

Discounts and Allowances Included:

Real Estate Taxes

Sewer

\$49,221

\$ 0

### **NOTE 4. OTHER NOTES**

### 4.A. EMPLOYEE PENSION AND OTHER BENEFIT PLANS

### FIREFIGHTER'S & NON-UNIFORM EMPLOYEES PENSION AND RETIREMENT SYSTEMS

The Borough of Wilson, as the employer, participates in the statewide cost-sharing multi-employer defined benefit plan on behalf of the firefighters and non-uniform employees. The system is funded by contributions from participants, employers, insurance premium taxes, and state appropriations, as necessary.

### Eligibility Factors, Contribution Methods, and Benefit Provisions

Disclosures	Firefighter's Pension and Retirement System	Non-Uniform Pension and Retirement System
Where to obtain separately issued financial statements	PMRS PO Box 1165, Harrisburg, PA 17108	PMRS PO Box 1165, Harrlsburg, PA 17108
Eligibility to participate	All full-time firefighters of a participating municipality.	All full-time non-uniform employees of a participating municipality.
Authority establishing contribution obligations and benefits	State Statute/Borough Ordinance #771 adopted pursuant to Act 15.	State Statute/Borough Ordinance #770.
Employee's required contribution rate	Determined by State system minimum 5.92% up to 15% for 2019	Determined by State system: 3% minimum up to 15% for 2019
Borough's required contribution	Determined by State system \$21,125 for 2019	Determined by State system \$29,610 for 2019
State obligation	State appropriation to fund the unfunded actuarial accrued liability	State appropriation to fund the unfunded actuarial accrued liability
Period required to vest	12 years	12 years
Eligibility and benefits for distribution (full-time) normal retirement	24 years credited service; final average salary based upon last 5 years average. Age 55 for firefighter normal retirement age.	24 years credited service; final average salary based upon last 5 years average. Age 65 for normal retirement age.
<u>Provisions for:</u> Cost of living adjustments (normal retirement)	At plan discretion	At plan discretion
Death (duty, non-duty, post- retirement)	Yes	Yes
Disability (duty, non-duty)	Yes	Yes
Cost of living allowances Annual contributions are based up	Yes on the plan's minimum municipal ob	Yes digation (MMO), which is set by the

Annual contributions are based upon the plan's minimum municipal obligation (MMO), which is set by the plan's biennial actuarial valuation.

The annual required contribution for the current year was determined using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions included: a 5.25% net of expense, rate of return, and projected salary increases based on an age-related scale for merit/seniority, including 2.8% for inflation for firefighters and 2.8% for non-uniform. The plan does not provide for post-retirement adjustments. The actuarial value of assets was determined using fair values as of the latest actuarial valuation date of January 1, 2019.

The schedule of funding progress follows the notes to the modified-cash basis financial statements in the required supplementary information. These schedules present multi-year trend information on whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

### POLICE PENSION & RETIREMENT SYSTEM

The Borough of Wilson maintains a single employer pension plan for all its existing full-time police officers that is maintained by a separate trust account and is not included as part of the Borough's reporting entity. The system is funded by contributions from participants and the employer, the Borough of Wilson.

Disclosures	Police Pension and Retirement System			
Where to obtain separately Issued financial statements	Beyer-Barber Co., 1136 Hamilton Street, Suite 103, Allentown, PA 18101			
Eligibility to participate	All full-time police officers			
Authority establishing contribution obligations and benefits	Borough Ordinance			
Employee's contribution rate	Minimum 5% of compensation to a maximum of 8%			
Borough's contribution rate	Any remaining actuarial computation needed to fund plan			
State obligation	None			
Period required to vest	12 years			
Eligibility and benefits for distribution (full-time) normal retirement	Age 50 and 25 years of service; average of last 36 months earnings times 50%.			
Cost of living adjustments (normal retirement)	3% assumed up to maximum provided by Act 600			
Death (duty, non-duty, post-retirement)	Yes - provided by Ordinance			
Disability (duty, non-duty)	Yes – provided by Ordinance			
Cost of living allowances	Yes			

Annual contributions are based upon the MMO from Act 205 Actuarial Valuation Report of the Public Employee Retirement Commission of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. Actuarial cost method is entry age normal. Actuarial assumptions included: a 7.25% investment rate of return, salary increases of 5.25%, and post-retirement adjustments of 3.0% per annum. The actuarial value of assets was determined using fair values as of the latest actuarial valuation date of January 1, 2021.

The schedule of funding progress follows the notes to the financial statements in the required supplementary information. These schedules present multi-year trend information on whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

### Contributions and Trend Information

Changes for 2021 pension plan members are as follows: The police pension plan added one active. The new data for non-uniform and fire pension plans is not available yet.

As of Januar	v 1.	2019 Contribution	Information

	Non-uniform	Fire	Police(1/1/21)
Active Plan Members	13	7	14
Retirees	9_	5_	4
Total	22	12	18

### **FIVE YEAR TREND INFORMATION**

			Percentage of
		Annual Pension	Annual Pension
	Year Ending	Cost (APC)	Cost Contributed
Non-Uniform	12/31/15	\$ 40,020	100.0% +
	12/31/16	\$ 33,466	100.0% +
	12/31/17	\$ 30,373	100.0% +
	12/31/18	\$ 33,857	100.0% +
	12/31/19	\$ 29,150	100.0% +
Fire	12/31/15	\$ 26,187	100.0% +
	12/31/16	\$ 25,236	100.0% +
	12/31/17	\$ 30,825	100.0% +
	12/31/18	\$ 22,544	100.0% +
	12/31/19	\$ 20,905	100.0% +
Police	12/31/15	\$114,029	100.0% +
	12/31/16	\$ 80,880	100.0% +
	12/31/17	\$ 89,684	100.0% +
	12/31/18	\$ 43,275	100.0% +
	12/31/19	\$ 44,921	100.0% +

### **ANNUAL PENSION COST**

	Year 2019 Non-uniform	Year 2019 Fire	Year 2021 Police
Covered Payroll	\$737,858	\$527,024	\$1,241,805
Annual Required Contribution	\$ 29,610	\$ 21,125	\$ 62,270

### **4B. RISK MANAGEMENT**

The Borough is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; employees' health and life; and natural disaster.

The Borough manages these various risks of loss as follows:

Type of Loss	Method Managed	Risk of Loss Retained	
Torts, errors, and omissions Workers compensation, health and life Physical property loss and natural disasters	Purchased commercial insurance Purchased commercial insurance Purchased commercial insurance	None None None	

Management believes such coverage is sufficient to preclude any significant uninsured losses to the Borough. Settled claims are as follows: There were no settled claims above the insurance coverage during the last three years.

### 4C. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

### Plan Description

The Borough of Wilson's defined benefit post-employment healthcare plan provides \$100 per month towards medical benefits to eligible retired Police Officers and Department Supervisors with the Borough's insurance carrier. Currently, there are three eligible retirees.

### **Funding Policy**

The Borough of Wilson follows a pay-as-you-go approach. Plan members reimburse the Borough the cost difference on a monthly basis.

### **Annual OPEB Cost**

For the year ending December 31, 2021, the Borough's annual OPEB cost (expense) was \$3,600, which was equal to the Annual Required Contribution (ARC). The plan had three (3) eligible recipients.

Cost for 2021 – \$3,600 Cost for 2020 – \$3,600 Cost for 2019 – \$3,600 Cost for 2018 – \$3,600 Cost for 2017 – \$4,800 Cost for 2016 – \$3,600 Cost for 2015 – \$3,600 Cost for 2014 – \$3,700 Cost for 2013 – \$4,800 Cost for 2012 – \$4,800 Cost for 2011 – \$4,800 Cost for 2011 – \$4,800

### Funded Status and Funding Progress

The plans hold no assets; therefore, the Borough elects to have no actuarial valuation or assumption of the probability of occurrence of future events. Annual funding is calculated in the budget process.

### 4.D. CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

### **CONTINGENCIES**

### **Grant Program Involvement**

In the normal course of operations, the Borough participates in various federal or state grant/loan programs from year to year. The grant/loan programs are often subject to additional audits by agents of the granting or loaning agency, the purpose of which is to ensure compliance with the specific conditions of the grant or loan. Any liability of reimbursement that may arise as a result of these audits cannot be reasonably determined at this time, although it is believed the amount, if any, would not be material.

### <u>Litigation</u>

The Borough may have various legal proceedings that normally occur in the course of governmental operations. As a result of the modified cash basis of accounting, the financial statements do not include accrual or provisions for loss contingencies that would result from these proceedings. While the outcome of any proceedings cannot be predicted, due to the insurance coverage maintained by the Borough and the State statute relating to judgments, the Borough feels that any settlement or judgment not covered by insurance would not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the Borough.

### **COMMITMENTS**

There are no pending litigation or contingent liabilities reported by the Borough Solicitor.

### **NOTE 5. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS**

There were no related party transactions during the year ended December 31, 2021.

### **NOTE 6. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS**

Based on a review of revenue and expenditures, along with inquiries of management, through the date the modified-cash basis financial statements were ready for issuance February 28, 2022, there are no known subsequent events to report which will have a significant effect on the modified-cash basis financial statements.

# SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

# BOROUGH OF WILSON, NORTHAMPTON COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - MODIFIED CASH BASIS - GENERAL FUND FOR YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Budgeted Amounts Original & Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)
Beginning Budgetary Fund Balance:	\$ (498,078)	\$ 1,044,884	\$ 1,542,962
Resources (Inflows) Taxes:			
Real Estate Taxes	3,358,965	3,284,057	(74,908)
Occupation Taxes	11,000	3,896	(7,104)
Per Capita Taxes	11,000	3,896	(7,104)
Transfer Taxes	130,000	220,088	90,088
Earned Income Taxes	910,000	936,880	26,880
Business Privilege Taxes	225,000	136,936	(88,064)
Local Services Taxes	85,000	80,864	(4,136)
Mechanical Device Tax	1,500	150	(1,350)
Franchise Fees	108,000	99,207	(8,793)
Total Taxes	4,840,465	4,765,974	(74,491)
Licenses & Permits	117,400	128,321	10,921
Fines & Forfeits	53,000	55,218	2,218
Investment Income	2,000	640	(1,360)
Rents & Royalties	10,500	40,620	30,120
Charges for Services:			
General Government	1,000	3,325	2,325
Public Safety	182,050	224,787	42,737
Highways & Streets	5,000		(5,000)
All Other Charges for Highways	500	1,625	1,125
Parking	9,000	8,700	(300)
Solid Waste Collection	740,000	824,136	84,136
Culture & Recreation	6,000	16,625	10,625
Total Charges for Services	943,550	1,079,198	135,648
Intergovernmental:	00.000	442 GEQ	22.650
General Municipal Pension Aid	90,000	113,658	23,658 (950)
Alcoholic Beverage Licenses	1,550	600 5,216	(950) 216
Recycling PURTA	5,000 4,500	5,210 5,195	695
Commissions	23,000	28,773	5,773
Total Intergovernmental	124,050	153,442	29,392
Miscellaneous:	,		.,
Escheats	9,000	18,919	9,919
Foreign Fire Insurance	10,000	27,204	17,204
Contributions and Donations	100	25	(75)
MISCELLANEOUS REVENUE	1,000	1,679	679
INSURANCE CLAIMS	500	17,600	17,100
Total Miscellaneous	20,600	65,427	44,827
Other Financing Sources:			
Transfers from Other Funds	-	-	-
Refund of Prior Year Expenditures	26,300	42,636	16,336
Total Other Financing Sources	26,300	42,636	16,336
Amounts Available for Appropriation	\$ 5,639,787	\$ 7,376,360	\$ 1.736,573

# BOROUGH OF WILSON, NORTHAMPTON COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - MODIFIED CASH BASIS - GENERAL FUND FOR YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Budgeted Amounts Original & Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows):			<b>A</b> 070
Legislative Body	\$ 25,200	\$ 24,922	\$ 278
Executive	92,152	92,053	99
Auditing	25,000	23,250	1,750
Tax Collection	16,250	15,184	1,066
Legal Services	71,000	59,662	11,338
Secretary/Clerk	22,732	22,483	249
General Government Admin	131,638	105,069	26,569
IT-Networking	16,500	15,150	1,350
Engineering Services	55,000	55,370	(370)
General Government Building	41,000	10,551	30,449
Capital Outlay - General Government	_	-	
Total General Government	496,472	423,694	30,449
Police	1,815,371	1,811,915	3,456
Capital Outlay - Police	82,000	100,574	(18,574)
Total Police	1,897,371	1,912,489	(15,118)
Fire	845,042	874,654	(29,612)
Capital Outlay - Fire	15,000	11,271	3,729
Total Fire	860,042	885,925	(25,883)
Code	159,221	100,624	58,597
Planning/Zoning	18,000	14,059	3,941
Emergency Management	1,300	1,300	-
Health/Human Services	10,979	8,351	2,628
Solid Waste Collection	714,000	713,910	90
Streets and Public Works	600,763	502,054	98,709
Capital Outlay - Public Works	38,000_	37,446	554
Total Public Works	638,763	539,500	99,263
Culture and Recreation	315,179	444,180	(129,001)
Capital Outlay - Culture and Recreation		283	(283)
Total Culture and Recreation	315,179	444,463	(129,284)
Community Development		4,110	(4,110)
Employer Taxes	196,000	181,192	14,808
Employee Benefits	1,067,511	864,028	203,483
Workers Compensation	145,112	155,018	(9,906)
Insurance	96,500	110,281	(13,781)
Miscellaneous	10,000	640	9,360
Refunds Paid	16,200	25,493	(9,293)
Transfers to Other Funds	-	550	(550)
Total Charges to Appropriations	6,642,650	6,385,627	256,469
Ending Budgetary Fund Balance	\$ (1,002,863)	\$ 990,733	\$ 1,993,596

### BOROUGH OF WILSON, NORTHAMPTON COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA

### NOTES TO BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

### **DECEMBER 31, 2021**

### **Budget Law**

The Borough prepares its annual General Fund operating budget under the provisions of the Borough Code Act of February, 1966 (1965 L.P. 1656, No 581). In accordance with those provisions, the following process is used to adopt the annual budget, amend the annual budget, and modify the annual budget.

- a. Beginning at least thirty days prior to the adoption of the budget, a proposed budget or an annual estimate of revenues and expenditures for the ensuing year shall be prepared in a manner designated by the council. The proposed budget shall be kept on file with the borough secretary and shall be made available for public inspection for a period of ten days.
- b. Notice that the proposed budget is available for inspection shall be published by the borough secretary in a newspaper of general circulation in the borough. Failure to give the notice herein required shall not invalidate the budget adopted. Any borough secretary who shall fail or refuse to give the notice that the proposed budget is available for inspection, as herein required, shall, upon conviction thereof in a summary proceeding, be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding one hundred dollars (\$100) and costs of prosecution.
- c. Upon completion of the budget, containing the estimated receipts and expenditures, and its adoption by motion in council, which shall not be later than December thirty-first, it shall be the duty of the council to adopt an ordinance levying the taxes referred to in this act for the fiscal year for approval of the mayor or passage over his veto.
- d. During the month of January next following any municipal election, the council of any borough may amend the budget and the levy and tax rate to conform with its amended budget. A period of ten days' public inspection at the office of the borough secretary of the proposed amended budget after notice by the borough secretary to that effect is published once in a newspaper as provided in section 109 of this act, shall intervene between the proposed amended budget and the adoption thereof. Any amended budget must be adopted by council on or before the fifteenth day of February.
- e. The council in its reasonable discretion may, in any year, by motion, modify the budget after its final adoption. New appropriations, supplementary appropriations and transfers from one appropriation to another may be made during the fiscal year, either before or after the expenditure is authorized or ratified after the expenditure is made, provided it is within the current year's revenues, or the money therefore promptly made available through borrowing as allowed by law.

### Basis of Accounting

The budget is prepared on the same modified cash basis of accounting as applied to the governmental funds in the basic financial statements. Revenues and expenditures are reported when they result from cash transactions.

The Borough is not legally required to adopt a budget for the proprietary (sewer) fund or any major special revenue funds; therefore, those budgetary comparison schedules are not presented.

Historical trend information about the Borough of Wilson's pension plans is presented herewith as supplementary information. It is intended to help users assess the plan's funding status on a going-concern basis, assess progress made in accumulating assets to pay benefits when due, and make comparisons with other state and local government retirement systems.

The actuarial information is required by Act 205 biennially, except for distressed pension plans, for which annual reporting is required. The historical information, beginning as of January 1, 2005, is as follows:

### WILSON BOROUGH FIREMEN'S PENSION PLAN SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS

	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
	\.\.\.\.\.\.\.\.\.\.\.\.\.\.\.\.\.\.\.	Actuarial	Unfunded			Unfunded (Assets
		Accrued	(Assets in			in Excess of)
	Actuarial	Liability	Excess of)			Actuarial Accrued
Actuarial	Value of	(AAL) –	Actuarial	Funded	Covered	Liability as a % of
Valuation	Assets	Entry Age	Accrued Liability	Ratio	Payroll	Payroll
Date	(a)	(b)	(b) – (a)	(a)/(b)	(c)	[(b-a)/(c)]
01-01-05	\$1,122,426	\$808,141	\$(314,285)	138.9%	\$293,189	(107.2%)
01-01-07	1,259,971	931,525	(328,446)	135.3%	362,496	(90.6%)
01-01-09	1,450,830	1,109,495	(341,335)	130.8%	393,373	(86.8%)
01-01-11	1,605,784	1,351,521	(254,264)	118.8%	463,546	(54.9%)
01-01-13	1,846,657	1,636,665	(209,992)	112.8%	472,562	(44.4%)
01-01-15	2,077,722	1,941,478	(136,244)	107.0%	492,410	(27.7%)
01-01-17	2,244,450	2,107,560	(136,890)	106.5%	467,284	(29.3%)
01-01-19	2,441,980	2,196,183	(245,797)	111.2%	541,149	(45.4%)

### WILSON BOROUGH NON-UNIFORMED PENSION PLAN SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS

	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
		Actuarial	Unfunded			Unfunded (Assets
		Accrued	(Assets in			in Excess of)
	Actuarial	Liability	Excess of)			Actuarial Accrued
Actuarial	Value of	(AAL) –	Actuarial	Funded	Covered	Liability as a % of
Valuation	Assets	Entry Áge	Accrued Liability	Ratio	Payroll	Payroll
Date	(a)	(b)	(b) – (a)	(a)/(b)	(c)	[(b-a)/(c)]
01-01-05	\$1,711,712	\$1,585,133	\$(126,579)	108.0%	\$529,079	(23.9%)
01-01-07	1,934,487	1,835,015	(99,472)	105.4%	565,679	(17.6%)
01-01-09	2,237,335	2,146,656	(90,679)	104.2%	644,897	(14.1%)
01-01-11	2,448,081	2,402,013	(46,068)	101.9%	722,175	(6.4%)
01-01-13	2,839,786	2,773,429	(66,357)	102.4%	641,285	(10.4%)
01-01-15	3,005,384	2,915,214	(90,170)	103.1%	668,219	(13.5%)
01-01-17	3,160,906	3,193,875	32,969	99.0%	771,514	4.3%
01-01-19	3,716,130	3,525,419	(190,711)	105.4%	835,640	(22.8%)

### WILSON BOROUGH POLICE PENSION PLAN SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS

	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
· -		Actuarial	Unfunded	- X		Unfunded (Assets
		Accrued	(Assets in			in Excess of)
	Actuarial	Liability	Excess of)			Actuarial Accrued
Actuarial	Value of	(AAL) –	Actuarial	Funded	Covered	Liability as a % of
Valuation	Assets	Entry Age	Accrued Liability	Ratio	Payroll	Payroll
Date	(a)	(b)	(b) – (a)	(a)/(b)	(c)	[(b-a)/(c)]
01-01-05	\$2,054,980	\$1,948,381	\$(106,599)	105.5%	\$443,391	(24.0%)
01-01-07	2,586,215	2,049,902	(536,313)	126.2%	485,832	(110.4%)
01-01-09	2,548,889	2,137,606	(411,283)	119.2%	542,255	(75.8%)
01-01-11	3,005,737	2,798,954	(206,783)	107.3%	657,614	(31.4%)
01-01-13	3,315,689	3,178,851	(136,838)	104.3%	692,297	(19.87%)
01-01-15	4,114,511	3,791,944	(322,567)	108.5%	873,986	(36.91%)
01-01-17	4,653,134	3,965,678	(687,456)	117.3%	1,028,741	(66.8%)
01-01-19	5,106,604	4,220,506	(806,098)	121.0%	1,097,613	(80.7%)
01-01-21	5,894,425	5,044,283	(850,142)	116.9%	1,244,874	(68.3%)

The comparability of trend information is affected by changes in actuarial assumptions, benefit provisions, actuarial funding methods, accounting policies, and other changes. Those changes usually affect trends in contribution requirements and in ratios that use the actuarial accrued liability as a factor. Analysis of the

dollar amount of the actuarial value of assets, actuarial accrued liability, and unfunded (assets in excess of) actuarial accrued liability in isolation can be misleading. Expressing the actuarial value of assets as a percentage of the actuarial accrued liability (Column 4) provides one indication of the plan's funding status on a going-concern basis. Analysis of this percentage, over time, indicates whether the system is becoming financially stronger or weaker. Generally, the greater this percentage, the stronger the plan.

Trends in unfunded (assets in excess of) actuarial accrued liability and annual covered payroll are both affected by inflation. Expressing the unfunded (assets in excess of) actuarial accrued liability as a percentage of annual covered payroll (Column 6) approximately adjusts for the effects of inflation and aids analysis of the plan's progress made in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due. Generally, where there is an unfunded actuarial accrued liability, the smaller this percentage, the stronger the plan. However, when assets are in excess of the actuarial accrued liability, the higher the bracketed percentage, the stronger the plan.

Borough of Wilson, Northampton County, Pennsylvania Combining Balance Sheet - Modified Cash Basis Non-Major Governmental Funds December 31, 2021

·	DARE Grant	2006 Home Program	Records Mgmt Grant	2018 CDBG	CDBG 2019	2019 LV Green way	FEMA	Hotel Tax	Trees	2021 OSFC Grant	Total Non- Major Other Special Revenue Funds
	\$-00	\$-00	\$-00	\$-00	\$-00	\$-00	\$-00	00 <del>-\$</del>	\$-00	8-00	9
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	00 <del>-\$</del>	\$-00	00 <del>-</del> \$	\$-00	\$(82,525)	00 <del>-\$</del>	\$-00	8-00	\$-00	\$-00	\$(82,525)

Borough of Wilson, Northampton County, Pennsylvania Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Modified Cash Basis Non-Major Governmental Funds December 31, 2021

	DARE	2006 Home Program	Records Mgmt Grant	2018 CDBG	CDBG 2019	2019 LV Green way	FEMA	Hotel Tax	Trees	2021 OSFC Grant	Total Non- Major Other Special Revenue Funds
REVENUES Intergovernmental	00 <del>-\$</del>	00-\$	\$44,000	\$-00	\$141,471	\$2,000	\$7,527	\$30,000	\$1,500	\$15,000	\$241,498
Investment Income	各	Ş	ô	00	8 P	8	8	00-	ş	00-	00
Miscellaneous	ş	0,	8	<b>0</b> 0	8	o o	Ş	00	8	8	ô
Total Revenues	٥ ڳ	ę	44,000	Ç	141,471	2,000	7,527	30,000	1,500	15,000	241,498
EXPENDITURES											
General Government	용	9	ş	8	00	8	8	유	<del></del>	Ş	00
Police	ş	Ş	<del></del>	ş	8	o o	<u></u>	Ģ	<b>0</b>	<u></u>	8
Fire	유	8	ę	<b></b>	0	ş	8	8	õ	15,000	15,000
Highways and Streets	우	ô	9	82,525	141,471	ş	Ş	8	00	ę	223,996
Culture and Recreation	ş	ę	<b>0</b>	8	8	2,000	o o	30,000	1,500	8	33,500
Health and Welfare	ş	00	00-	00-	00-	00-	00-	00-	8	00	8
Total Expenditures	9	9	00-	82,525	141,471	2,000	00-	30,000	1,500	15,000	272,496
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	Ş	Ş	44,000	(82,525)	8	0	7,527	00	8	8	(30,998)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):											
Transfers in (out), net	(67)	(909)	550		8	8	(7,527)	0	9	8	(2,650)
Refunds	8	00-	00-	00-	00-	00-	00-	9	8	8º	8
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(67)	(909)	550	8	00-	00-	(7,527)	00-	00-	00-	(7,650)
Net Change in Fund Balances	(67)	(909)	44,550	(82,525)	O <sub>P</sub>	0	8	00-	0,	00-	(38,648)
Fund Balances - Beginning	67	909	(44,550)	6	00-	00-	00-	00-	00	9	(43,877)
Fund Balances - Ending	00 <del>-\$</del>	<del>8-</del> 00	%-00-	\$(82,525)	00 <del>-\$</del>	0 <del>0-\$</del>	00 <del>-\$</del>	8-00	00-\$	9-00	\$(82,525)